



Novel Monomer Free Vinyl Hybrid Resin for Composite Radomes and Aerospace Applications

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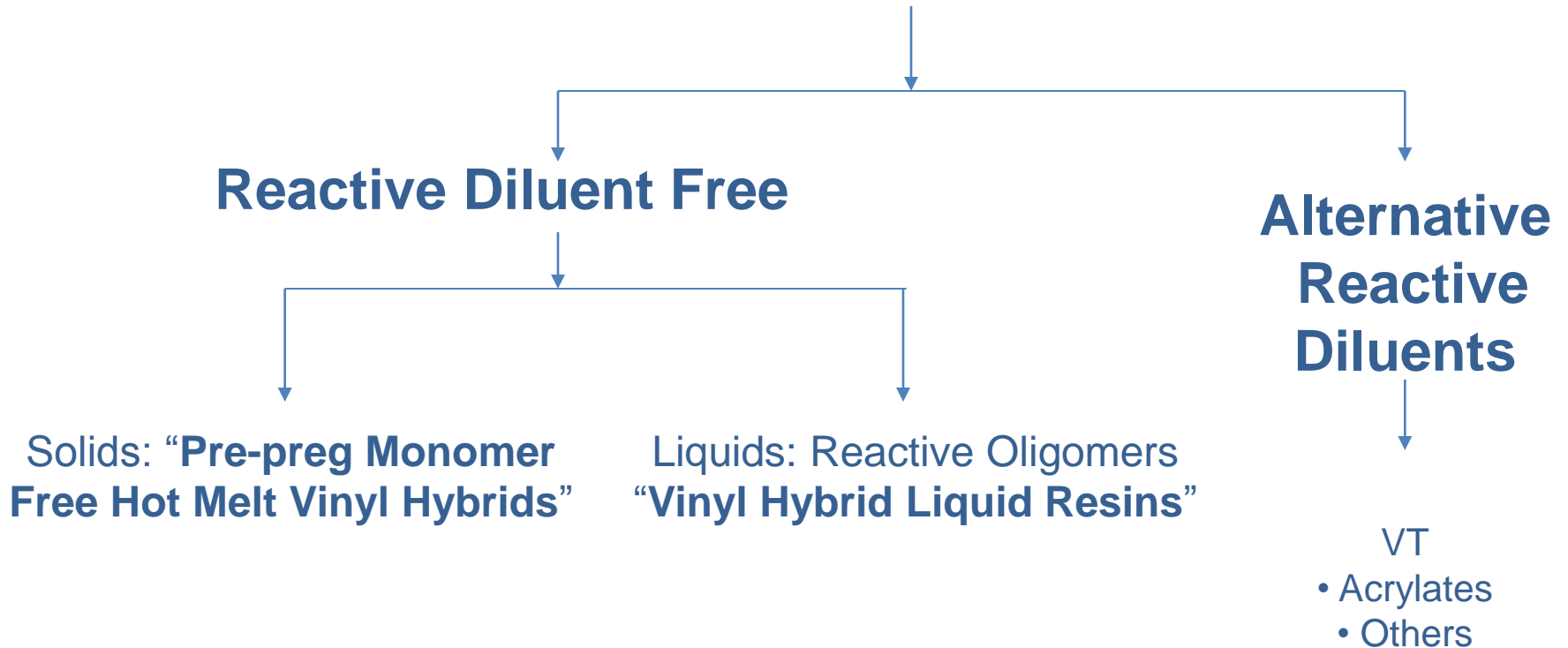
REICHHOLD

Background

- Advanced Material Market
- Styrenated Systems are Unacceptable
 - Governmental Regulations
 - Control Technologies Needed
 - Minimize Capital Investment
- Development Need for Reactive Diluent Free Thermoset Resin Systems
 - Cost Effective
 - Improved Dry/ Wet Tg
 - Improved Water Absorption
 - Improved Production Rates- approach 3 minute cycle

Nomenclature

Styrene Free Resins



Chemistry Description: Vinyl Hybrids

- ADVALITE™ – Monomer Free Hot Melts
- ADVALITE™ – Vinyl Hybrid Liquid Resins

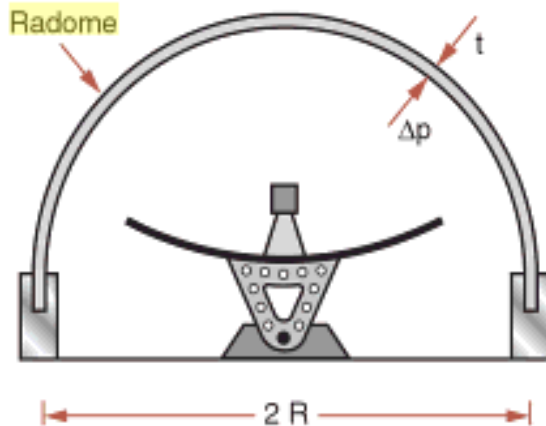
Radomes

Functions

- Shield microwave antenna from adverse environmental effects
- Minimal effect on electrical performance
- Withstand Structural Loads from pressure differential

Material Property Considerations

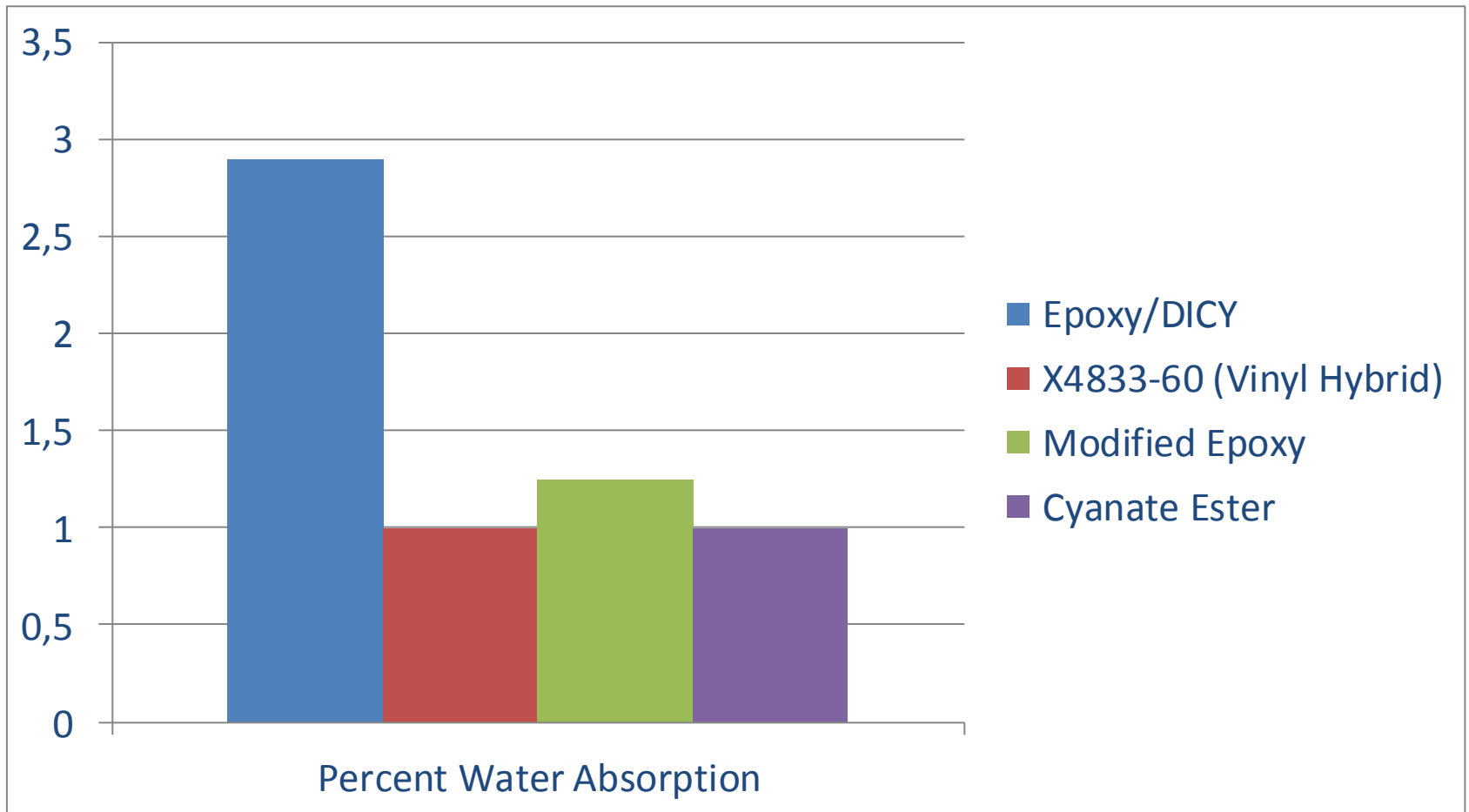
- Water Absorption: Water absorbs transmission energy and increases loss tangent
 - Low water absorption is necessary for radomes
- Dielectric Constant: Determine the ability of insulator to store electrical energy
 - Low dielectric constant is necessary for radomes
- Loss Tangent: Ratio of input/output power through material
 - Low loss tangent is necessary for radomes



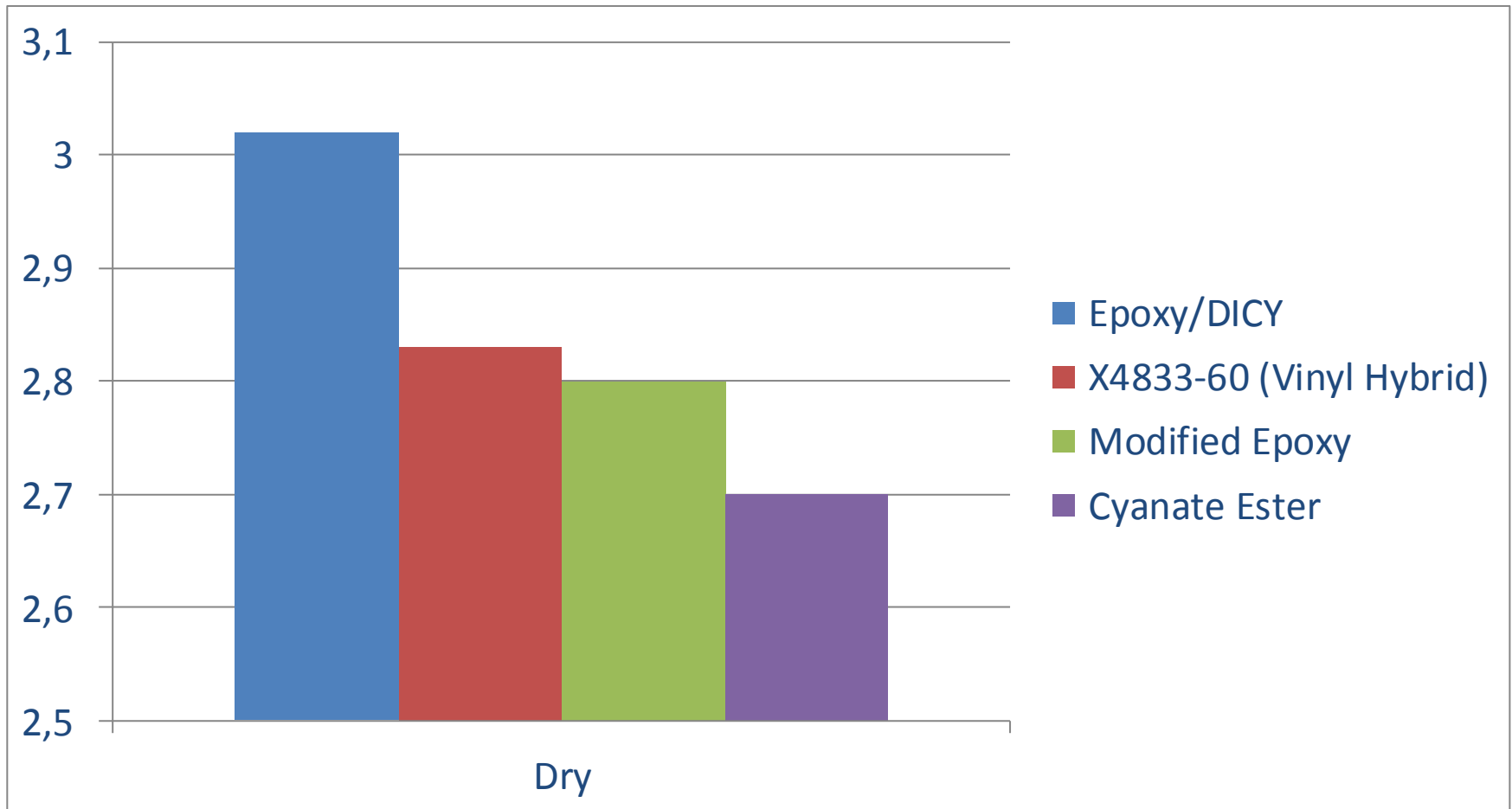
Radome Resin Candidates

- Cyanate Esters
- Modified Epoxies (BisA Cyanate/Epoxy)
- Epoxy (Accelerated Dicyanamide, 120° C cure)
- ADVALITE™ Vinyl Hybrid

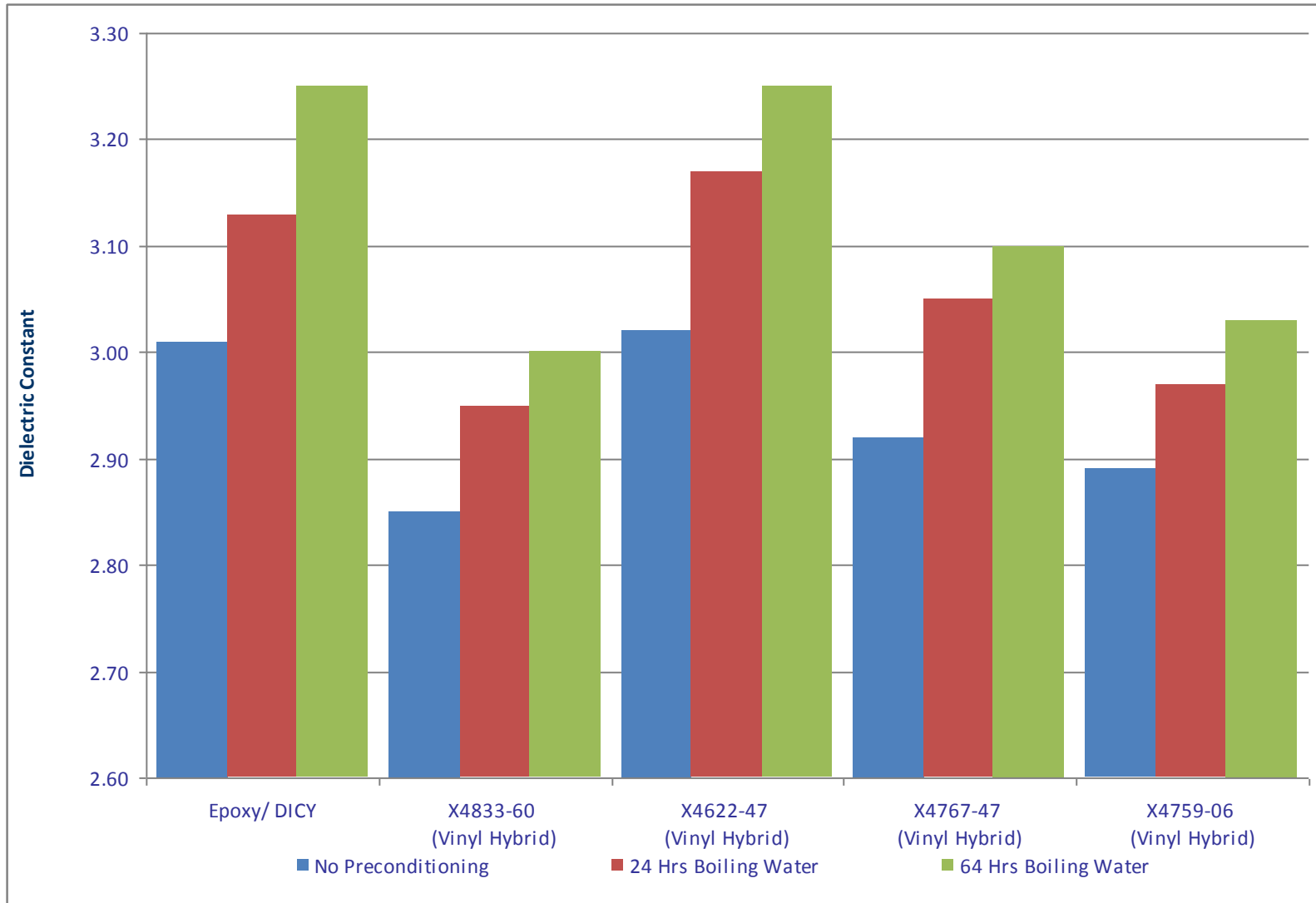
% Water Absorption Comparisons (64 Hour Boil)



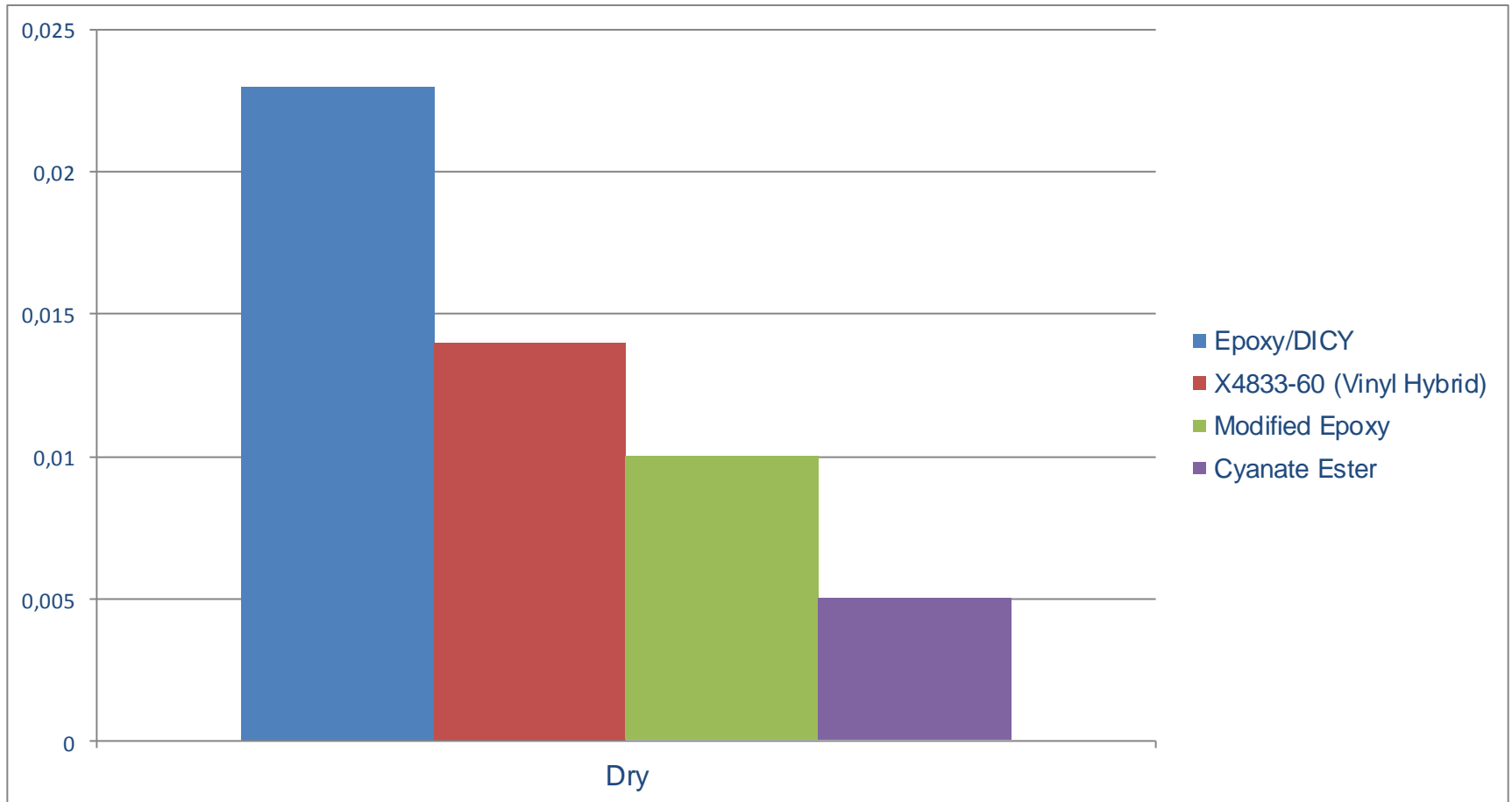
Dielectric Constant Comparison



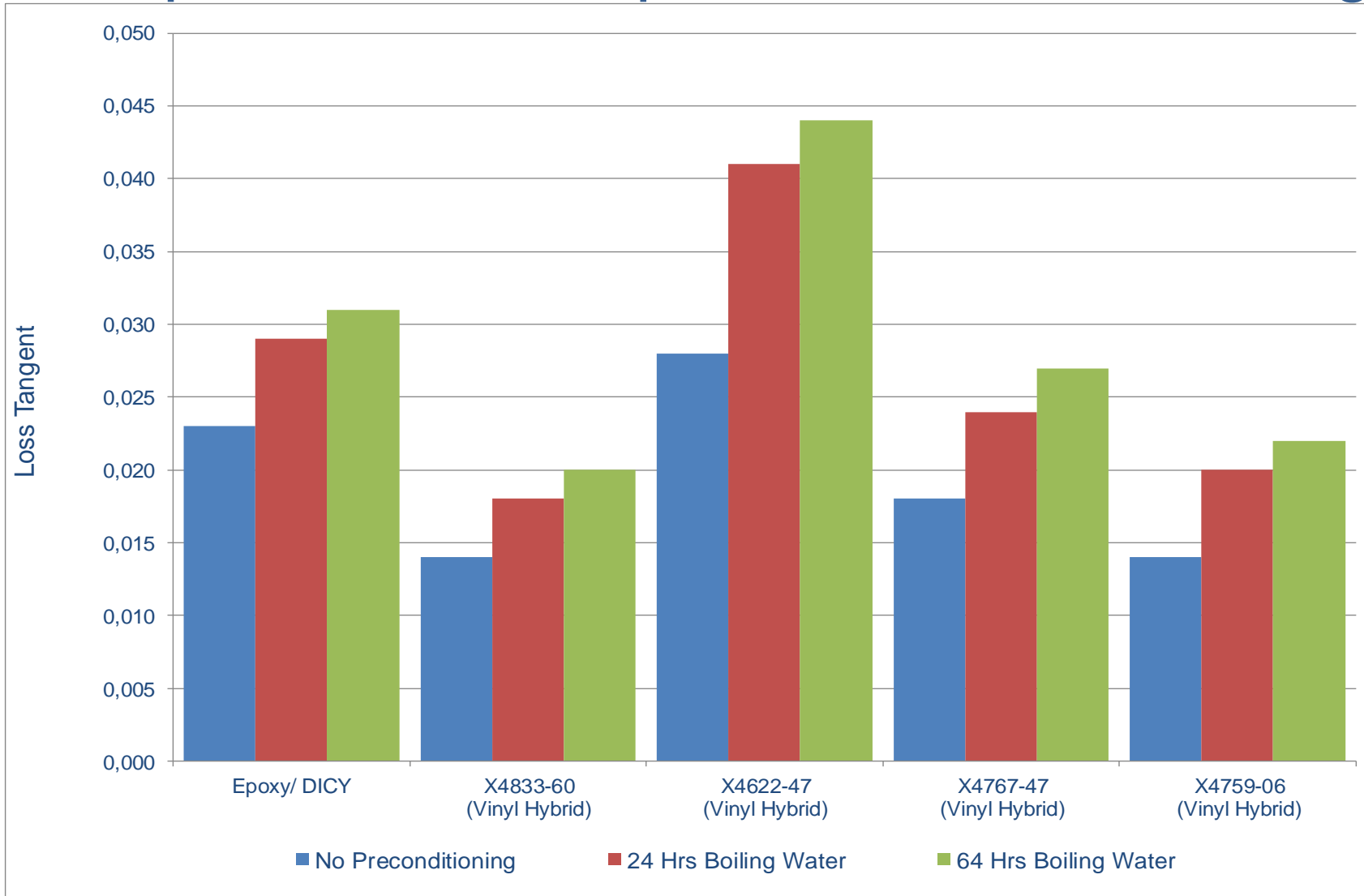
Dielectric Constant Comparisons Dry vs. Wet



Dissipation Factor/Loss Tangent Comparison



Comparison of Dissipation Factor/Loss Tangent

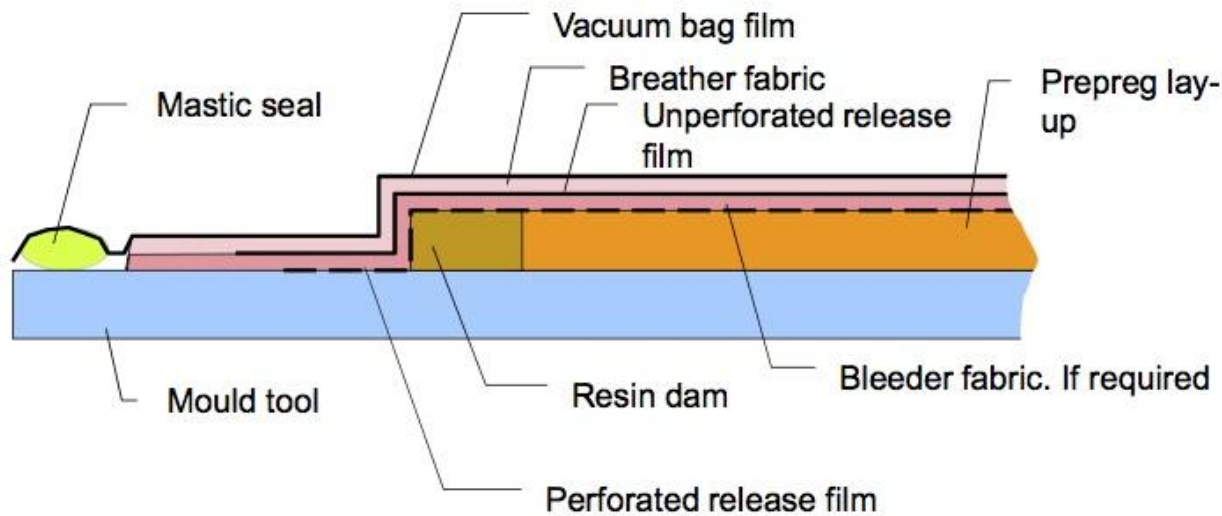


ADVALITE™ X4833-60 Radome Resin

Clear Cast Mechanical Properties

Property	Units	ADVALITE™ X4833-60
Flexural Strength	M Pa	78,7
Flexural Modulus	G Pa	4,14
Tensile Strength	M Pa	35,3
Tensile Modulus	G Pa	3,54
HDT	°C	>200
Dry Tg	°C	193
Wet Tg	°C	172

Hand Lay-up (Prepreg)



Properties for Optimum Prepreg

- Optimum tack and drape
- Low volatile content
- Low temperature cure
- Long shelf-life
- Low heat of reaction
- Controlled flow



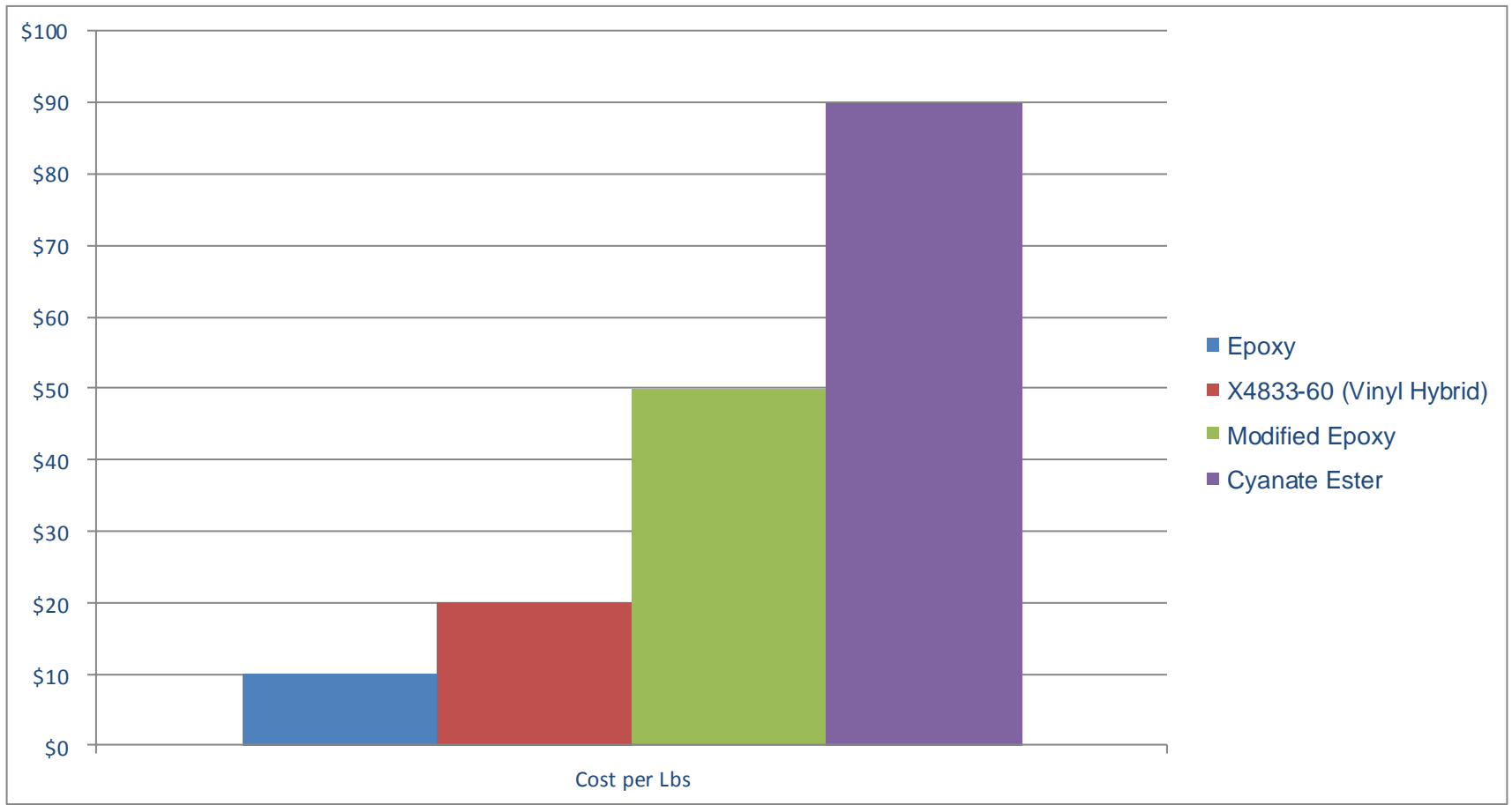
Hand Lay-up

- Heat of reaction of ADVALITE™ Vinyl Hybrids System is roughly half of a standard 120 °C cure, accelerated Dicyanamid Bis-A epoxy, so parts with large cross-sections can be cured with less risk of exotherm and cracking
- ADVALITE™ Vinyl Hybrid Systems offer cure times under 5 minute for rapid part production
- ADVALITE™ Vinyl Hybrid Systems are a peroxide-cure, lending itself well to inline mixing for rapid prepreg production
- Prepreg produced using ADVALITE™ VINYL HYBRIDS systems does not need to be frozen or refrigerated, lowering the cost of shipping and handling, and minimizing scrap due to expired shelf-life

Typical shelf-life @ 21°C for:

Cyanate ester	14 days
Cyanate/Epoxy	14 days
120 °C cure epoxy	4 to 8 weeks
ADVALITE™ Vinyl Hybrid>	1 year

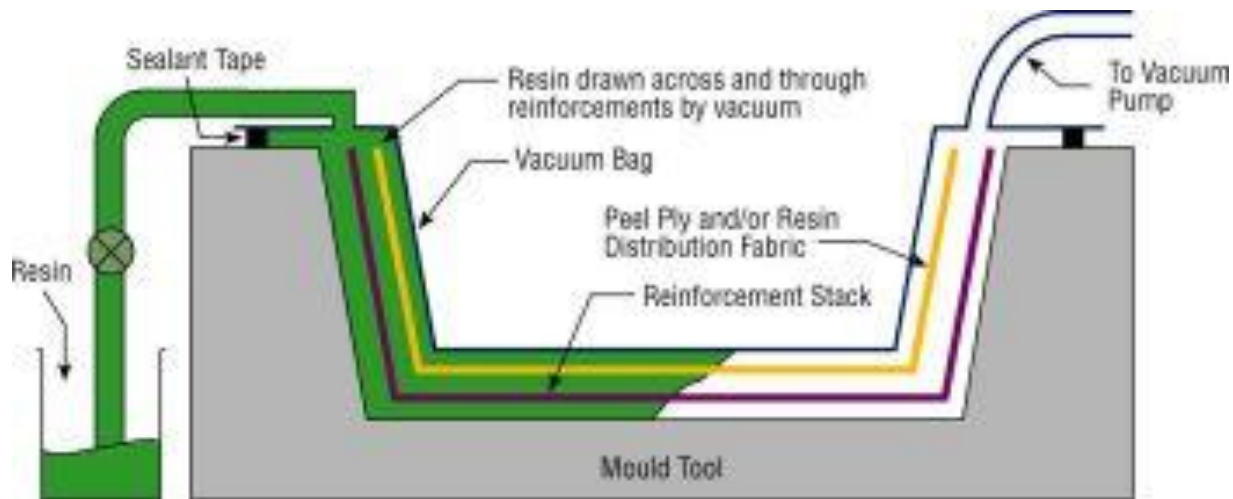
Radome Resin Typical Cost/Lb (Formulated)



ADVALITE™ 35000-00 Vinyl Hybrid FR Grade Hot Melt Prepreg Resin Prepreg Thermo-Mechanical Properties

Property	Units	ADVALITE™ 35000-00 RT	ADVALITE™ 35000-00 RT, Wet	ADVALITE™ 35000-00 120° C
Tensile Strength	M Pa	73	69	51
Tensile Strength Retention	%		94%	70%
Tensile Modulus	G Pa	4,6	4,7	4,3
Tensile Modulus Retention	%		102%	93%
Compression Strength	M Pa	64	58	
Compression Modulus	G Pa	4,8	4,6	
Flexural Strength	M Pa	113	100.0	54.0
Flexural Strength Retention	%		89%	48%

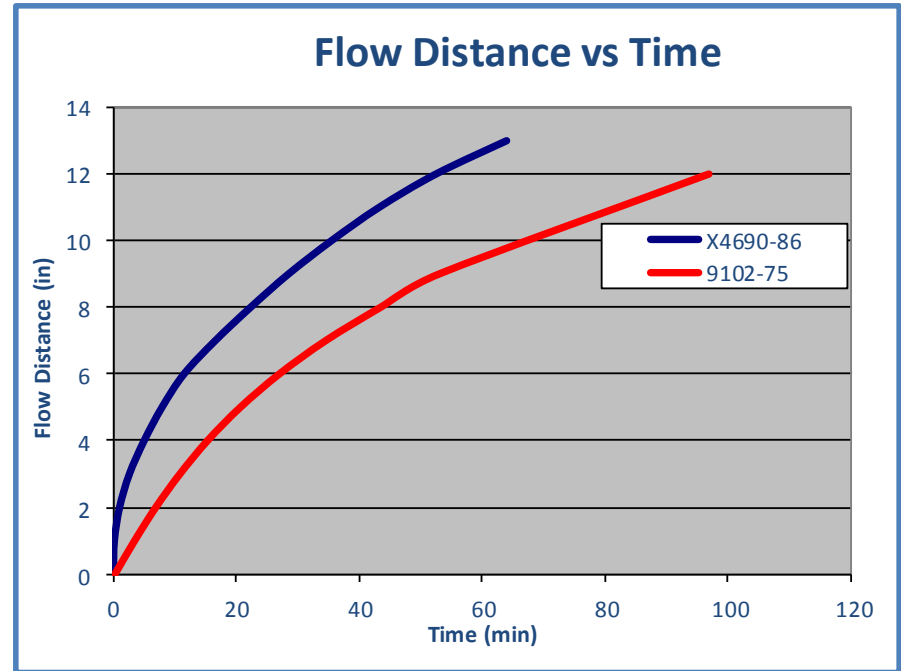
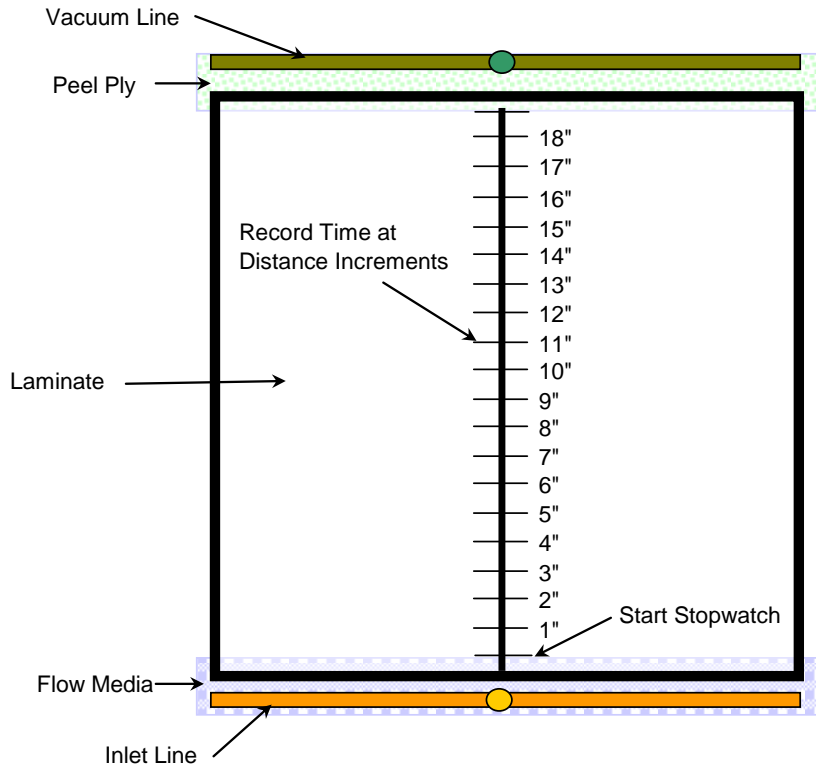
ADVALITE™ Vinyl Hybrid Liquid Resins Vacuum Infusion Process (VIP)



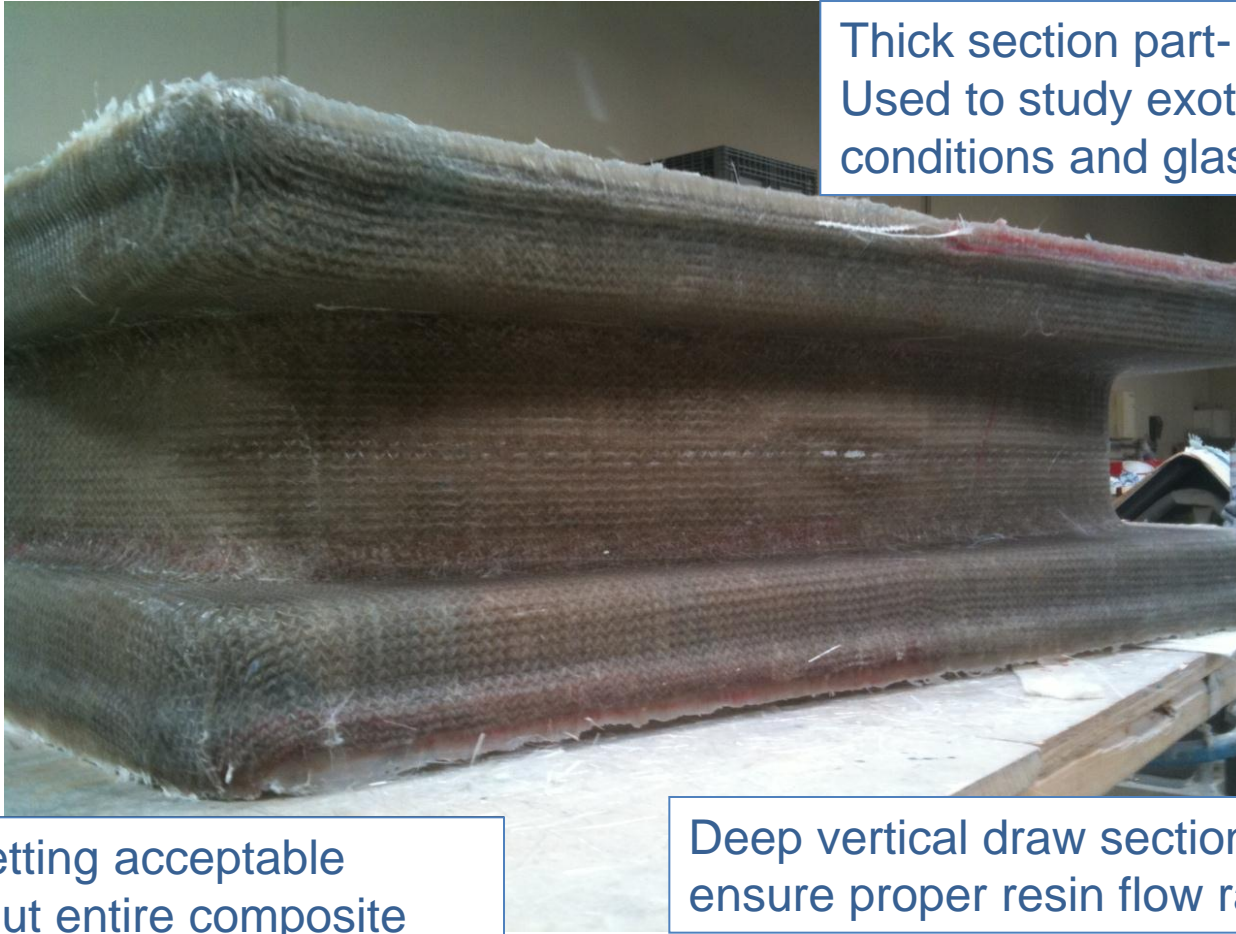
Critical to Filling Complex Geometries and Moldability:

- Processing Conditions- resin factors to consider:
 - Polymer structure
 - Viscosity
 - Degree of cure-part thickness
- Optimize resin for low viscosity and good fiber wetting while retaining good physical properties

Vacuum Infusion Process Infusion Flow Rates



Vinyl Hybrid Infusion Trial



Thick section part- 12 mm
Used to study exotherm
conditions and glass wetting

Glass wetting acceptable
throughout entire composite
part

Deep vertical draw sections to
ensure proper resin flow rates

Mechanical Properties Comparison

Neat Resin Clear Cast Results

Property	Units	ADVALITE™ 35065-00	ADVALITE™ 35060-00	ADVALITE™ X4830-27	ADVALITE™ X4759-06
Flexural Strength	M Pa	159,3	116,9	74,6	117,3
Flexural Modulus	G Pa	4,37	3,61	3,52	4,24
Tensile Strength	M Pa	80,3	45,6	16,0	31,8
Tensile Modulus	G Pa	3,83	3,77	3,63	4,14
Elongation	%	2,8%	1,5%	0,5%	0,9%
HDT	C	72	155	>200	>200
Dry Tg	C	81	170	149	175
Wet Tg	C		166		
Water Absorption	%		0,83%	0,57%	0,16%
Viscosity	cps	625	1,200	400	1350

Conclusions

ADVALITE™ Vinyl Hybrid Systems offer resins capable to produce both prepreg and vacuum infusion molding systems for the Aerospace market which offer the following:

- Excellent retention of properties after exposure to water at elevated temperature
- Superior performance to epoxy regarding; Water Absorption, Dielectric Constant and Dissipation Factor
- Lower heat of reaction than epoxy for rapid cures of thick cross-section parts
- No need for refrigeration of prepreg
- Lower total cost for the manufacture of cost effective commercial radomes

Questions?

Visit Reichhold at booth M48 – 7.3

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!